CSDR Q&A


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Background & Purpose


The CSDR framework consists of the following EU legislation:
- CSDR
- Delegated Act (parameters for the calculation of cash penalties for settlement fails)
- RTS on CSD Prudential Requirements
- RTS on Internalised Settlement
- RTS on CSD Requirements
- ITS on Internalised Settlement
- ITS on CSD Requirements
- RTS on settlement discipline

The intent of the legislation is the harmonisation of the regulatory environment of securities settlement and Central Securities Depositories in the European Union.

The purpose of this document is to provide clarity on the implementation of CSDR requirements. It provides responses to questions posed by VPs customers and participants in relation to the practical application of CSDR. This Q&A will be reviewed and updated as and when appropriate.

A separate Q&A on CSDR Settlement Discipline will be published in due course.

Terms with capital letters have the meaning as defined in Part 1 of the VP Rule Book, (Definitions).

General Questions

**Q1: What are the changes to the VP-system in order to be CSDR compliant?**

**A:** VP systems have been updated in order to be CSDR compliant. Hence, all existing Securities Accounts have been marked with ownership type (OW, OM, IS), which is also applicable when opening new Securities Accounts. Furthermore, Issuers and Participants in VP have been obliged to forward their LEI (Legal Entity Identifier) to us for registration. For details, please refer to sections LEI and Static Data on Securities Accounts below.

**Q2: How and when will the VP Rulebook be updated in accordance with CSDR?**

**A:** VP received the CSDR authorisation from the Danish FSA as of 3 January 2018 and as a consequence, the VP Rule Book was updated accordingly. All parts of the VP Rule Book, i.e. Definitions, Terms and Conditions, Book-entry Rules and Settlement Rules, have been changed. CSDR-related updates are:
• Suspension of an ISIN if the reconciliation reveals an undue creation or deletion of securities
• Termination of the requirement for Securities Account Controllers to provide a guarantee to VP
• Requirements on LEI and asset segregation
• VP's right to refuse access to our systems

LEI

Q3: What is a LEI?
A: The Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) is a unique 20 character code, based on the ISO 17442 standard, for a legal entity that participates in financial transactions worldwide, throughout all markets and legal systems. LEI contains key reference information and resembles a business registration number. The establishment of a Global LEI system is critical to improving measurement and monitoring of systemic risks. Global, standardised LEIs will enable regulators and organisations to more effectively measure and manage counterparty exposure while also resolving long standing issues on entity identification across the globe.

Q4: Where do I get a LEI?
A: For information regarding LEIs and how to obtain them, please visit the Danish FSA homepage. Further information can be found at the Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation (GLEIF) website.

Q5: At which level are LEIs mandatory and who has to report them?
A: CSDR imposes mandatory updates to issuer identification. VP shall report LEIs on our customers and we are therefore obliged to register LEIs on all issuers and Participants in VP.

According to CSDR, LEIs on Securities Account level is optional.

A customer can be an issuer in VP and must have a LEI registered, even though the issuer does not have a Securities Account in VP or is listed on a regulated market. The Issuing Agent representing the issuer is responsible for reporting LEI on the issuer.

Q6: Regarding the account type “Customer On behalf of customers (Global Custodian)” – whose LEI should be registered on these types of Securities Accounts – is it the CSD Participant’s LEI i.e. the Securities Account Controller (KI) or is it the actual customer’s LEI e.g. the Global Custodian?
A: First of all, LEIs on Securities Accounts are not mandatory according to CSDR. For the Securities Account type IS where the customer is a Global Custodian, it is the LEI of the Global Custodian that may be reported, i.e. it is the LEI of the Participant’s clients that may be reported.
Q7: Is it mandatory to report a LEI on collective investment funds?
A: Yes, LEIs are mandatory on collective investment funds issuing securities. Sub-funds (“afdelinger”) and unit classes (“andelsklasser”) of collective investment funds are not required to have their own and independent LEI when acting as issuers, although it is possible to register a LEI for the various entities within a collective investment fund. Thus, in the context of CSDR, a LEI per collective investment fund is sufficient. Please note that a LEI on sub-funds and unit classes may be required in order to be compliant with other legislation, c.f. below.

Q8: Should remote participants report a LEI?
A: Customers who have signed an agreement with VP as a Settlement Participant and appointed another Securities Account Controller (remote participant) are considered participants under CSDR, as VP’s General Terms and Conditions apply. Furthermore, they are participating directly in the settlement of securities. Remote participants are therefore obliged to comply with CSDR, and report a LEI.

Q9: Does VP check if the correct data has been registered?
A: All issuers and Participants are responsible for delivering the correct information. The LEI must be valid and have a status of ‘Issued’, ‘Pending Transfer’ or ‘Pending Archival’. If the LEI is not provided for the correct legal entity or does not have the correct status, the LEI will be considered invalid. Furthermore, the LEI must be renewed yearly to maintain validity. Thus, VP has to ensure that accurate and up-to-date details have been provided for reporting purposes to the Danish FSA.

Q10: What if issuers or Participants refuse to submit a LEI?
A: According to CSDR, VP has to report a LEI on all issuers and Participants to the competent authorities, which is also incorporated in the VP Rulebook upon receipt of the CSDR authorisation (cf. VP Rulebook, Part 2 General Terms and Conditions, section 2.1.4.). All our customers are obliged to observe and comply with the terms and conditions as stipulated in the VP Rulebook and must act in accordance with applicable legislation for VP, including CSDR. Thus, VP has a responsibility to require the presence of an issuer LEI before we can accept to act as an issuer CSD for securities of that issuer.

If an issuer or Participant does not provide a LEI, they do not fulfill the requirements for participation with VP and VP may suspend the service or terminate the agreement (cf. VP Rule Book, Part 2 General Terms and Conditions, section 6.7)

Q11: Is there any other legislation mandating the registration of LEI?
As mentioned above, VP shall report LEIs on our customers in accordance with CSDR, i.e. VP have to register LEIs on all issuers and Participants in VP. However, other European legislation mandates both EU and non-EU market participants to obtain an LEI in a variety of circumstances in order to trade or clear:

EMIR: EU trade repositories are obligated to reject trade reports that do not contain an LEI. Under certain circumstances, the underlying fund/sub-fund must get its own LEI.
MIFID II/MIFIR: Investment firms are required to obtain an LEI from their customers prior to providing a service that would result in a transaction reporting obligation. Customers of investment firms, including sub-funds, intermediaries and wealth clients, will be required to have an LEI, even if they are not an EU entity, not operating or domiciled in the EEA and not directly subject to EU regulations.

Please consult the corresponding regulation for further details:
MIFIDII/MIFIR
EMIR

A LEI is therefore necessary to buy or sell securities – no LEI, no trade. You can still hold existing securities and not have a LEI, but once you buy or sell, including subscriptions and emissions, a LEI will be required.

Once again, it must be stressed that VP is subject to CSDR and must require LEI from you in accordance with these rules, but that you might be subject to other legislation as well, which will require a LEI in order for you to be fully compliant with all European Legislation.

Static Data on Securities Accounts

Q12: What information is added at Securities Account level?
A: CSDR imposes mandatory markings of Securities Accounts depending on the type of owner:
  - OW – Own account (Participant’s own account)
  - OM – Omnibus account (Account held by participant on behalf of customers)
  - IS – Client individual account (Individual client segregation)

Clients who wish to change the marking of a Securities Account may report this to VP. Please also note that an ownership type is mandatory for all new Securities Accounts.

Q13: Is it possible to determine which account markings used (PR/FH/ST) will be the equivalent of IS/OM/OW?
A: No, the markings PR/FH/ST refers to settlement groups in the system with different rights/obligations. They are not related to CSDR and are part of the system management tools necessary to ensure the operation of the system.
Protection of securities

Q14: What are the obligations for Participants regarding information related to the protection of customers securities, i.e. levels of segregation?

A: According to CSDR art. 38(6) VP shall publicly disclose the levels of protection and the costs associated with the different levels of segregation that we provide. The description shall include the main legal implications of the respective levels of segregation. VP has published a brief regarding the levels of segregation offered by VP, which has also been distributed to the members of Finance Denmark.

Independently of VP, Participants are also obligated to publicly disclose the levels of segregation that they offer and the commercial terms and costs related to these.

Remote participants are only participating directly in the VP Clearing and Settlement system on their own behalf and is neither entitled nor obligated to undertake Securities Account Controller related activities such as book-entry. Therefore Remote participants are not obligated to offer their customers several levels of segregation according to CSDR.

IBAN-number

Q15: IBAN-numbers – what has to be reported?

A: The following has to be reported in order to be compliant with CSDR:

- IBAN number for issuers’ cash accounts used to provide liquidity to pay out interest, dividends, redemptions etc.

- DCA’s used for Corporate Actions have a corresponding cash account with an IBAN number

- Mortgage institutions may submit IBAN number for their own cash accounts in KRONOS/DN used for Corporate Actions

- For EUR cash accounts in Target 2: It will be possible to submit an internationally recognized bank account number specifically for accounts with no IBAN number

- If a Issuer issues securities in more than one currency, an IBAN number has to be provided for all cash accounts (DKK, SEK, EUR)
Data on Transaction Type, Place of Trading and Place of Clearing

Q16: Which new fields will enter into force with the CSDR settlement discipline regime?
A: VP settlement instructions contain the transaction data required according to CSDR.

The changes envisaged under CSDR are the fields ‘Type of transaction’, ‘Place of Trading’ and ‘Place of Clearing’ which will enter into force at the time as the new settlement discipline regime (not a matching criteria).

Reporting – Technical Issues

Q17: How do I report Ownership type on Securities Accounts?
A: Static data on Securities Accounts can be reported through the proprietary format or VP user interface (3270).

Q18: How do I report information on issuers and Participants?
A: Static data on issuers can be reported through eFORMS in vp.ONLINE. Customers with no access to vp.ONLINE can send an email to CSD Services (csd@vp.dk) with the information in order to ensure registration.

Participants reporting their own LEI and IBAN-no. (not reporting the information for other customers in the capacity of Securities Account Controller/Issuing Agent) can do so by sending an email to CSD Services (csd@vp.dk).
Suspension of securities for Settlement

Q19: What is the procedure for suspension of securities for settlement?
A: VP performs a daily reconciliation on:
   - Aggregated opening balance
   - Individual movements during the day
   - Aggregated closing balance

In case of a reconciliation break or system disturbance, there can be a suspension of settlement, and VP issues updates through VP Info’s as per usual, until the issue has been solved.

The suspension of Settlement in case of problems related to reconciliation has been implemented in the VP Rule Book.

Settlement Internalisers

Q20: What should be reported regarding internalised settlement?
A: Settlement internalisers shall report to the competent authorities on a quarterly basis the aggregated volume and value of all securities transactions that they settle outside securities settlement systems.
For further information, please refer to the Guidelines on Internalised Settlement Reporting published by ESMA.
Partial Settlement

**Q21: Will partial settlement be implemented in the VP Clearing and Settlement system?**

**A:** According to CSDR, a CSD shall offer participants the option to settle their Transfer Orders partially. T2S will apply partial Settlement when the delivering party does not have the full quantity of securities, or the receiving party does not have sufficient cash on the DCA for Settlement.

Transfer Orders for Settlement on T2S are per default subject to partial Settlement, although it is possible to exclude Transfer Orders from partial Settlement. Thus, VP will be developing a solution for partial Settlement in the VP system in accordance with the legislation as well as aligning our systems with T2S functionality.